

SUMMARY

Alexander Sukharev (e-mail: su500005@yandex.ru)

Grand Ph.D. in Economics, Professor of the Chair of Constitutional,
Administrative and Customs Law, Tver State University (Tver, Russian Federation)
(e-mail: su500005@yandex.ru)

ON THE BALANCE OF THE FEDERAL BUDGET: CONCEPTUAL IDEAS AND RUSSIAN EXPERIENCE

The models of balancing the federal budget within the framework of changes in the external economic situation and the experience of its implementation in Russia are considered. Approaches to assessing the solvency of the state to fulfill its monetary obligations are shown.

Keywords: federal budget, budget revenues, budget expenditures, budget balance, state solvency, built-in stabilizer, responsible financial policy.

Lyudmila Svirina (e-mail: ludasvirina@mail.ru)

Ph.D. in Economics, Senior Researcher,
Center for Public Administration Research,
Institute of Economics (Russian Academy of Sciences)
(Moscow, Russian Federation)

FEDERAL PROPERTY MANAGEMENT AGENCY: ANALYSIS OF CURRENT KEY TASKS AND TARGET PERFORMANCE INDICATORS

The article deals with practical issues of assessing the performance of the Federal Property Management Agency as an organizational institution for managing federal property, which is an important part of the state's resources; special attention is paid to the assessment of the execution of the federal budget in terms of revenues from the management of federal property. Based on the materials of inspections by the Accounts Chamber of the work of the Federal Property Management Agency and its Territorial Administration in Moscow for 2017–2021, the negative results of the latter' performance are analyzed. The results of the Federal Property Management Agency performance in 2022 are assessed, the current goals and objectives of the

Agency's work are analyzed.

Keywords: Federal Property Management Agency, federal property management, key tasks, target indicators.

Ashkhen Nanavyan (e-mail: ashchenn@mail.ru)

Ph. D. in Economics, Leading Researcher,

Central Economic and Mathematical Institute Russian Academy of Sciences

(Moscow, Russian Federation)

ECONOMIC INACTIVITY AND ASSESSMENT OF THE ECONOMIC BURDEN OF THE POPULATION IN THE REGIONS OF RUSSIA

The article presents an analysis of the dynamics of the number of persons outside the labour force, the calculated economic burden of the population and the economic burden of the employed in some CIS countries and in the regions of the Russian Federation. In the CIS countries, the greatest economic burden was once observed in Armenia, although in subsequent years it significantly decreased, as a result of reduction in the unemployment rate. The trend of reducing the economic burden in Uzbekistan and the relatively stable situation in Kazakhstan are noted. In the Russian Federation, the economic burden of the population has been decreasing, but significant regional differentiation remains. The minimum values of the economic burden are noted in the Chukotka and Yamalo-Nenets districts, in the Magadan region, and the maximum values are in the Republic of Adygea and in the Kurgan region.

Keywords: economic inactivity, level of labor force participation, employed population, economic burden, CIS countries, regions of Russia.

Eduard Vafin (e-mail: tatarstan@013.pfr.ru)

Ph.D. in Economics, Associate Professor,

Manager of the Department of the Pension Fund of Russia for the Republic of Tatarstan, Branch of the Pension Fund of Russia in the Republic of Tatarstan

(Kazan, Russian Federation)

Sergey Kiselev (e-mail: ksv1002@mail.ru)

Grand Ph. D. in Economics, Professor,

Director of the Higher School of Economics,

Kazan National Research Technological University

(Kazan, Russian Federation)

THE RESOURCE POTENTIAL OF THE STATE PENSION SYSTEM AND RELATED SOCIAL SERVICES AS AN OBJECT OF RESEARCH

The article examines the theoretical foundations of the formation of resource potential and gives its characteristics as an object of research. It is noted that the functioning of the current pension system results in a shortage of financial resources, significantly reduces the opportunities for the development of the market of high-quality pension and social services. The concept of "resource potential of the pension system" is defined through the legal, social and economic content of its characteristics. The elemental structure of the resource potential and its probabilistic nature are considered. The necessity of using a set of systemic and integrated approaches in the study of the financial potential of the pension system is substantiated. Recommendations for improving the use of the resource potential are proposed.

Keywords: resource potential of the pension system, pension provision, state pension system, social services system, distributive and accumulative pension system, pension insurance, joint liability, probabilistic nature.

Irina Morozova (e-mail: morozovaira@list.ru)

Grand Ph.D. in Economics, Professor,

Head of the Department of Economics and Entrepreneurship,

Volgograd State Technical University (Volgograd, Russian Federation)

Aleksey Dmitriev (e-mail: basement.dmitriev@gmail.com)

Postgraduate Student, Junior Researcher,

Department of Economics and Entrepreneurship, Volgograd State Technical University (Volgograd, Russian Federation)

OPTIMIZING PROVISION MANAGEMENT FOR SOCIALLY ORIENTED NON-PROFIT ORGANIZATIONS IN RUSSIA

The article discusses the current state of the sector of socially oriented non-profit organizations (SONPO) of the Russian Federation in the context of federal districts. There is an asymmetry in the distribution of resources, which entails a significant backlog of some federal districts in terms of SONPO development. The formation of a mechanism for interaction between the state, society, business and socially oriented non-profit organizations is considered as a key measure for optimizing the financial and property support of SONPO activities. The proposed mechanism is based on the creation of special funds in each of the Russian regions to ensure the activities of socially oriented non-profit organizations.

Keywords: socially oriented non-profit organizations, public sector, inequality, development, financial support, management, federal districts.

Roman Kuznetsov (e-mail: romak2921@mail.ru)

graduate student, St. Petersburg State University of Economics,
(St. Petersburg, Russian Federation)

Tatiana Tumarova (e-mail: tumarova@finec.ru)

Ph.D. in Economics, Professor, Director of the Graduate Institute of Saint-Petersburg State University of Economics (Saint-Petersburg, Russian Federation)

PREDICTING NOVATEK SHARE PRICES USING THE MODELS OF DECISION TREE AND LINEAR REGRESSION

The development of technology and the emergence of various machine learning models influence social life in many ways, including the analysis and forecasting of the stock market. The ability to competently select and use machine learning models in predicting stock quotes is one of the key competitive advantages that allow large investment companies and individuals to increase their profits from the market activity. The study reveals the effectiveness of using decision tree and linear regression models in predicting daily quotes of NOVATEK.

Keywords: stock exchange, decision tree, linear regression, machine learning.

Leila Abdullina (e-mail: chechevitsa@ro.ru)

Master in Robotics and Integrated Automation,

Bauman Moscow State Technical University (Moscow, Russian Federation)

Tatiana Romanishina (e-mail: tankarom@mail.ru)

Ph.D. in Economics, Associate Professor,

Department of Mass Communications and Media Business of the Faculty of Social Sciences and Mass Communications, Financial University under the Government of the Russian Federation (Moscow, Russian Federation)

Alice Bobovnikova (e-mail: alis.r2010@yandex.ru)

Bachelor, St. Petersburg State Economic University (St. Petersburg, Russian Federation)

Vladislav Smirnov (e-mail: smirnow.vladis@yandex.ru)

Bachelor, Bauman Moscow State Technical University (Moscow, Russian Federation)

Daria Nikitina (e-mail: ndd19ea256@student.bmstu.ru)

Bachelor, Bauman Moscow State Technical University (Moscow, Russian Federation)

Alexander Blinov (e-mail: bad19ea083@student.bmstu.ru)

Bachelor, Bauman Moscow State Technical University (Moscow, Russian Federation)

ACTUAL VECTORS OF THE TRANSFORMATION OF RUSSIAN BUSINESSES WITHIN THE FRAMEWORK OF SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT STRATEGY (ESG standards)

The authors analyze the historical context and relevance of sustainable development indicators and offer an overview of business transformation trends in Russia in line with ESG standards. The article considers environmental, social and managerial trends in the transformation of business in the Russian Federation, highlights promising areas, problems and limitations. Specific examples of initiatives and achievements in line with the ESG principles from various leading

companies in Russia are given. The authors suggest that companies pay attention to the prospects for integrating sustainable development principles into corporate strategies and promote the development of social programs to support employees.

Keywords: ESG, carbon footprint, corporate social responsibility, corporate governance, responsible investment, ESG business transformation.

Konstantin Pavlov (e-mail: kvp_ruk@mail.ru)

Grand Ph.D. in Economics, Professor, Professor,
Department of Economics, Saint Euphrosyne Polotsk State University.
(Novo-Polotsk, Republic of Belarus)

Vladimir Zhdanovich (e-mail: 21mbaz.zhdanovich.v@pdu.by)

Postgraduate Student,
Department of Economics, Saint Euphrosyne Polotsk State University,
(Novopolotsk, Republic of Belarus)

DEVELOPMENT TRENDS AND PROBLEMS IN THE CHEMICAL INDUSTRY OF THE REPUBLIC OF BELARUS UNDER INCREASED SANCTION PRESSURE

The article analyzes the key problems and determines the prospects for the development of the chemical industry of the Republic of Belarus in the face of tightening sanctions recently adopted by Western states. The processes of digitalization, modernization and automation of the production of chemicals, are considered, as well as improving the environmental status of chemical industry and strengthening integration relations with Russian enterprises through the use of import substitution methods for manufactured products.

Keywords: chemical industry, tougher sanctions, integration, Republic of Belarus, digitalization, greening of production.

Firuz Bayboboeva (e-mail: firuzanabijonovna@mail.ru)

Head of Department,
Namangan Institute of Engineering and Technology

(Namangan, Republic of Uzbekistan)

ON FACTORS THREATENING THE ECONOMIC SECURITY OF LIGHT INDUSTRY ENTERPRISES

The factors that threaten the economic security of light industry enterprises are highlighted in the article. The author refers to such critical problems as long-term shortage of locally produced items that meet consumers' taste and demand for fashionable goods. It is emphasized, that such shortages contribute to the development of preferences for imported goods which is not easy to overcome.

Keywords: economic security, light industry enterprises, imported goods, sales analysis, online stores.

Ekaterina Romanchuk (e-mail: kate.romanchuk@ya.ru)

Postgraduate student, Junior Researcher at the Institute of Economics,
Russian Academy of Sciences (Moscow, Russian Federation)

ON THE WORKING PRACTICES OF THE INTERNATIONAL DEVELOPMENT ASSOCIATION IN THE POST-SOVIET STATES OF CENTRAL ASIA

Created to provide financial support to poor countries, the International Development Association (IDA) has been investing heavily in the countries of the Central Asia, especially in Uzbekistan. An analysis of the working practices of the IDA over the past three decades in the region shows that experts often overestimate the ability of Central Asian governments to implement planned transformations and enter the trajectory of sustainable and inclusive growth. The reasons for the low efficiency of IDA-funded projects and programs are often institutional difficulties arising from the poor quality of public administration. Up to mid-2000s, a number of failures took place to achieve the goals stated in projects and programs due to errors made by IDA experts when structuring transactions.

Keywords: IDA, World Bank, Kyrgyzstan, Tajikistan, Uzbekistan, loans, grants.